Securitization Market Trends Survey Report —Issuance Trends in the Second Half of Fiscal 2012—

The following report is a summary of the results of the "Securitization Market Trends Survey" (see JSDA's website at http://www.jsda.co.jp), conducted monthly by the Japan Securities Dealers Association (JSDA) and the Japanese Bankers Association (JBA), for the second half of fiscal 2012, the period from October 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013. For chart data, please see the appendix "Chart Data at a Glance."

I. Overall Issuance Trends for Securitization Products

Looking at the issuance trends for securitization products in the second half of 2012, amount of issues declined year on year. Total issuance amount was ¥1,325.5 billion, declining 11% from the second half of fiscal 2011, while the number of issues was 52, up 21% year on year (Chart 1).

Ref.: The total issuance amount of corporate straight bonds during the second half of fiscal 2012 was ¥4,112.5 billion (provisional figure).

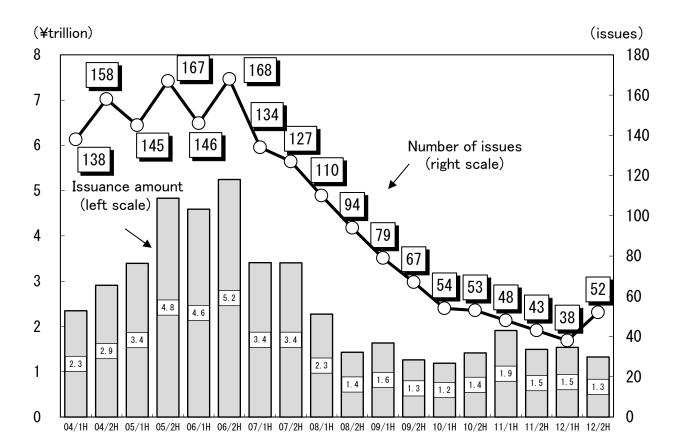


Chart 1. Securitization Product Issuance Amount and Number of Issues

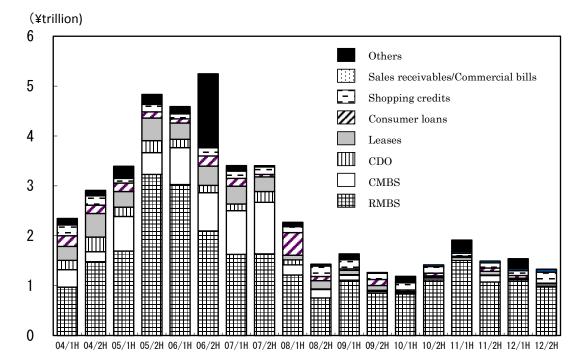
II. Issuance Trends by Underlying Assets

Looking at the securitization product issuance amount for the second half of fiscal 2012 by underlying assets, the amount of shopping credits, sales receivables/commercial bills, and others increased. In contrast, RMBS, CMBS, leases, and consumer loans decreased. There were no CDO issues (see Chart 2).

	RMBS	CMBS	CDO	Leases	Consumer loans	Shopping credits	Sales receivables/ Commercial bills	Others	Total
Issuance amount(¥100 million)	9,741	153	0	479	130	2,207	521	25	13,255
Year on year change (¥100 million)	▲1,001	▲1,135	▲100	▲250	▲ 540	+1,185	+132	+25	▲1,684
Year on year change (%)	▲ 9	▲88	▲100	▲34	▲ 81	+116	+34	_	▲ 11
% Composition	73	1	0	4	1	17	4	0	100

Chart 2. Securitization Product Issuance Amount by Underlying Assets

^{*} YoY change in others is shown as "—" because there were no issues in the same period last year.



Reference: The specific types of underlying assets for each securitization product category are as follows.

RMBS (Residential Mortgage Backed Securities): Housing loans and loans to individuals to build commercial apartments

CMBS (Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities): Commercial real estate collateralized loans, commercial real estate

CDO (Collateralized Debt Obligations): Corporate loans, corporate bonds, credit default swaps, and others

Leases: Lease credits

Ref. Number of issues

Consumer loans: Consumer loans, bank card loans

Shopping credits: Shopping loans, credit card loans, automobile loans

Sales receivables/Commercial bills: Sales receivables, commercial bills

Others: Fund receivables, business cash flow, medical fee receivables, and others

RMBS Issuance Trends

(i) By Originator

Looking at the RMBS issuance amount (¥ 974.1billion) by originator, the Japan Housing Finance Agency (JHF) accounted for 87% (¥846.3 billion) of the total (Chart 3).

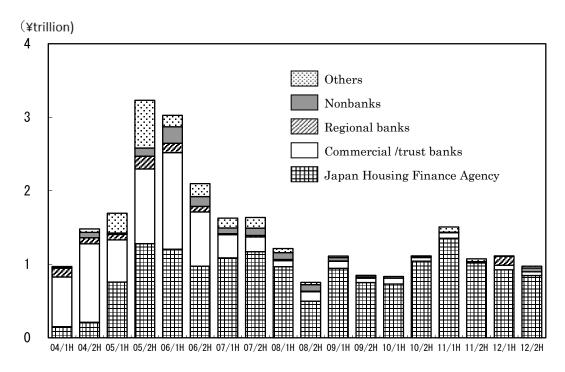


Chart 3. RMBS Issuance Amount by Originator

(ii) Product Type

Looking at the RMBS issuance amount (¥974.1 billion) by product type, public and corporate bonds accounted for 89% (¥871.8 billion) of the total (see Chart 4).

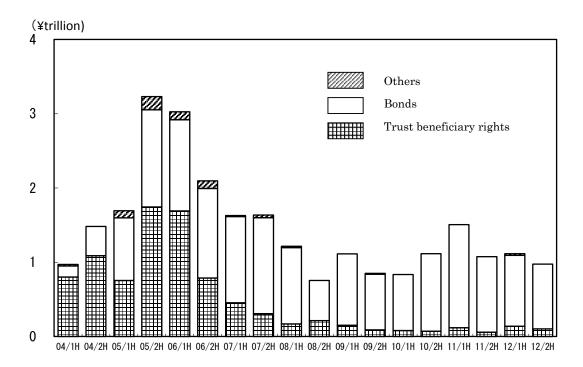


Chart 4. RMBS Issuance Amount by Product Type

(iii) Repayment Method

Looking at the RMBS issuance amount (¥974.1 billion) by repayment method, all repayments were pass-through repayments (see Chart 5).

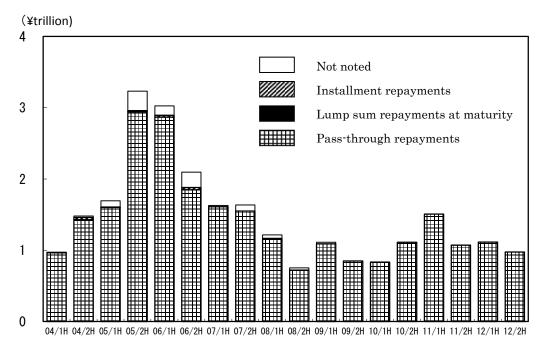


Chart 5. RMBS Issuance Amount by Repayment Method

(iv) Spread at Issuance

The launch spread (difference between the RMBS coupon rate and Japanese government bond yield at time of fixing issuing conditions) for JHF RMBS (monthly issuance bonds) expanded to February and contracted in March 2013(see Chart 6).

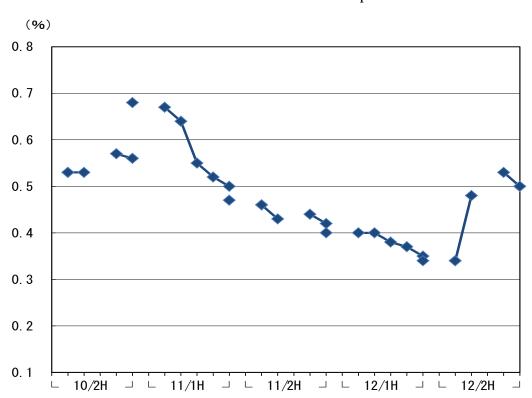


Chart 6. JHF RMBS Launch Spread

III. Issuance Trends by Product Type

Looking at the securitization product issuance amount (¥1,325.5 billion) by product type, bonds accounted for 66% (¥871.8 billion), followed by trust beneficiary rights with 27% (¥364.4 billion) (see Chart 7).

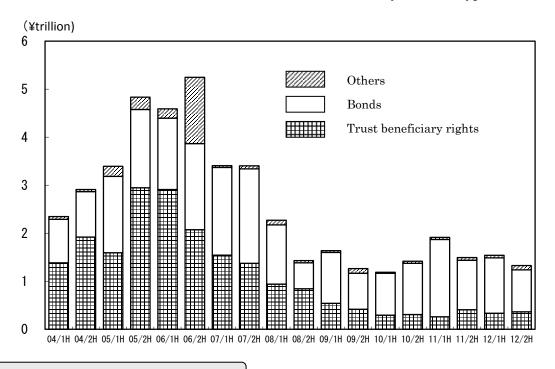


Chart 7. Securitization Product Issuance Amount by Product Type

IV. Issuance Trends by Repayment Method

Looking at the securitization issuance amount (\$1,325.5 billion) by repayment method, pass-through repayments accounted for 88% (\$1,168.8 billion) of the total. (see Chart 8).

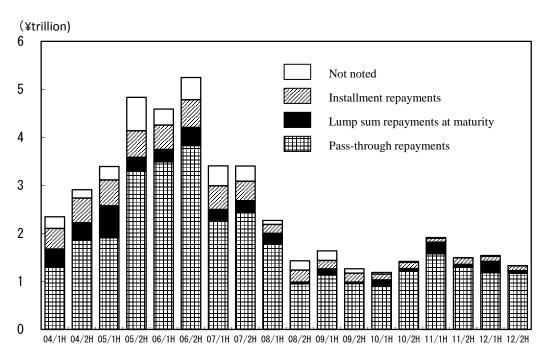


Chart 8. Securitization Product Issuance Amount by Repayment Method

V. Issuance Trends by Planned/Average Term to Maturity

Looking at the securitization issuance amount (¥1,325.5 billion) by planned/average term to maturity, "Not noted" accounted for 93% (¥1,232.0 billion), followed by "1 year to 3 years" with 6% (¥80.5 billion) (see Chart 9).

| Not noted | Tyears or more | Syears to 7 years | 1 year to 3 years | 1 year to 3 years | Under 1 year | Under 1 year | Under 1 year | Od/lih Od/2h O5/lh O5/2h O6/lh O6/2h O7/lh O7/2h O8/lh O9/2h O9/lh O9/2h 10/lh 10/2h 11/lh 11/2h 12/lh 12/lh 12/2h | Od/lh Od/2h O5/lh O5/2h O6/1h O6/2h O7/lh O7/2h O8/lh O9/2h O9/1h O9/2h 10/lh 10/2h 11/lh 11/2h 12/lh 12/lh 12/lh | Od/2h O5/2h O6/1h O5/2h O6/1h O5/2h O6/1h O5/2h O8/lh O8/2h O9/1h O9/2h 10/lh 10/2h 11/lh 11/2h 12/lh 12/lh | Od/2h O5/2h O

Chart 9. Securitization Product Issuance Amount by Planned/Average Term to Maturity

VI. Issuance Trends by Credit Rating

Looking at the securitization issuance amount (¥1,325.5 billion) by credit rating, AAA accounted for 92% (¥1,225.3 billion (see Chart 10).

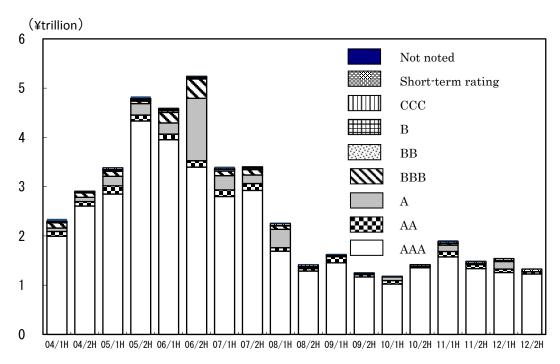


Chart 10. Securitization Product Issuance Amount by Credit Rating